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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		04676.P004X	6475
09/714,320	11/15/2000	Matias Duarte	EXAM	INER
7590 02/24/2004			KUMAR, SRILAKSHMI K	
Thomas C Webster Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP		P	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
12400 Wilshir	e Boulevard		2675	19
Seventh Floor Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			DATE MAILED: 02/24/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
è		DUARTE ET AL.
	09/714,320	Art Unit
Office Action Carriers	Examiner	2675
	Srilakshmi K. Kumar	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appea	ars on the cover sheet	Wild allo Conceptions
riod for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY OF THE COMMUNICATION		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD TOTALL TOTAL AND	(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum of t Il apply and will expire SIX (6) M	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
tatus		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 De</u>	ecember 2003.	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.	patters, prosecution as to the merits is
	ice except for formal in	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	х рапе Quayle, 1955	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Disposition of Claims		
257 Objects 1 2 6 8 16-27 and 30-32 is/are pendir	ng in the application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) <u>1,3,6-8,16-27 and 30-32</u> is/are rejected	ed.	
is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement	•
Auntication Papers		
Application Papers 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	
interest interest		d to by the Examiner.
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are. a) according to the Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in a	beyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	Examiner. Note the atta	ached Office Action of form 1.5
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force,	9 F ' ' ' '	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been receive	d.
o Coming of the certified copies of the pl	Month apparate in the second	
i vier from the International Bull		<i>y</i> -
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	ist of the certified copi	ES HULTECOITOU.
Attachment(s)	4) 🔲 In	terview Summary (PTO-413)
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4(2) (PTO 1449 or PTO/SB	Pa	aper No(s)/Mail Date otice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1443 6) 17 37 32	6) O	ther:
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>18</u> .		Part of Paper No./Mail Date 19

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DETAILED ACTION

The following office action is in response to Amendment E, filed December 8, 2003. Claims 1, 16, and 26 are amended. Claims 2, 4, 5, 28, and 29 are cancelled. Claims 1, 3, 6-8, 16-27, 30-32 are pending

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
 - (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 6, 16-19, 26, 27 and 30 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Brandenberg et al (US 6,665,173).

As to independent claims 1 and 26, Brandenberg et al disclose an apparatus comprising, a data processing device (Figs. 1-6), a first group of control elements (Figs. 4, item 605) and a second group of control elements (Figs. 4, items 617, 627) integrated directly on said data processing device (col. 9, lines 22-30, col. 10, lines 3-7, 26-48); a display comprising a display area for rendering images generated by said data processing device (Figs. 1-6, displays as shown), said display coupled to said data processing device at a pivot point and rotatable around said pivot point from a first position to a second position (Figs. 2, col. 4, lines 7-20, 55-col. 5, line 11), wherein both said first and second groups of control elements are exposed when said display is in said second position, and wherein only said second group of control elements are exposed when said exposed when said display is in said first position (Figs. 4, col. 9, lines 22-30, col. 10, lines 3-7,

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26-48), wherein said display is viewable in both said first position and said second position (shown by Figs. 1-6); wherein said first group of control elements are covered by said display when said display is in said first position and said second group of control elements are not covered by said display when said display is in said first position (Figs. 4, col. 4, lines 7-20, 55-col. 5, line 11, col. 9, lines 22-30, col. 10, lines 3-7, 26-48).

As to independent claim 16, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, Brandenberg et al disclose an apparatus comprising, a data processing device, and further comprising, a display having a display area defining a plane, wherein a display rotatably coupled to said data processing device and configured to rotate around point an axis of rotation within said plane from a first position to a second position, said axis of rotation being substantially perpendicular to said plane for at least a portion of said rotation of said display, wherein images displayed on said display are viewable in both said first position and said second (Figs. 2, col. 4, lines 7-20, 55-col. 5, line 11, col. 8, line 57-col. 9, line 2).

As to dependent claim 3, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, wherein said first group of control elements comprise a keyboard (Figs 4, item 605).

As to dependent claim 6 and 30, limitations of claims 1 and 26, see claim 16, above.

As to dependent claim 17, limitations of claim 16, and further comprising, wherein both said first and second groups of control elements are exposed when said display is in said second position, and wherein only said second group of control elements are exposed when said display is in said first position (Fig. 7b, items 27, and Fig. 12, item 43), wherein said display is viewable in both said first position and said second position (col. 2, lines 2-68, col. 6, lines 12-55, and col. 10, lines 5-57).

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As to dependent claim 18, limitations of claim 17, and further comprising, wherein said data processing device comprises a second group of control elements not covered by said display when said display is in a first position (Fig. 16, item 51 & pen, and col. 11, lines 22-26).

As to dependent claim 19, limitations of claim 18, and further comprising, wherein said second group of control elements comprise a control knob and a set of control buttons (Figs. 4, items 617, 627, col. 10, lines 3-7, 26-48).

As to dependent claim 27, limitations of claim 26, and further comprising, wherein said display is rotatably coupled to said data processing device and configured to rotate within a plane substantially perpendicular to said display's axis of rotation between said first position and said second position (Figs. 2, col. 4, lines 7-20, 55-col. 5, line 11, col. 8, line 57-col. 9, line 2).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 22-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brandenberg et al (US 6,665,173).

As to dependent claim 22, limitations of claim 19, and further comprising, wherein said control knob is configured to scroll between items within a list. Brandenberg discloses in col. 10, lines 26-48, joysticks and other input/output devices associated with the apparatus. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art where the joystick can be used to navigate or scroll through what has been display as is well known in the art.

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As to dependent claim 23, limitations of claim 22, and further comprising, wherein one of the said control buttons is configured to select items within said list. Brandenberg discloses in col. 10, lines 26-48, joysticks and other input/output devices associated with the apparatus. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art where the joystick can be used to select through what has been display as is well known in the art.

As to dependent claim 24, limitations of claim wherein one of said control buttons is configured to back out of selected items. Although Brandenberg does not disclose this feature, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art the control buttons/joysticks of the Brandenberg system could have different functions. The back out feature is advantageous as it permits the user to view the previous display or to return to the main display page.

As to dependent claim 25, limitations of claim 19, and further comprising, wherein said control buttons and control knob are user programmable. Although Brandenberg does not disclose this feature, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that control buttons/knobs are known to be programmable similar to function keys. Programmable keys are advantageous as they permit the user to customize the buttons.

5. Claims 7, 8, 20, 21, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brandenberg et al as applied to claims 1, 16 and 26, above, and further in view of Haneda et al. (US 5,900,848).

As to dependent claim 7, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, a switch configured to trigger when said display is rotated from second to close. Brandenberg et al do not teach a switch to trigger. Haneda et al in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12, teach a switch which is triggered depending on the state of the lid body. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary

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skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Brandenberg et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

As to dependent claims 8 and 31, limitations of claims 7 and 26, and further comprising wherein the image inversion logic to invert images on said display response to said switch triggering. Brandenberg et al do not teach where the images are inverted in response to switch triggering. Haneda et al disclose in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12 where the images are inverted depending upon the switching state. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Brandenberg et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

As to dependent claim 20, limitations of claim 16, and further comprising, a switch configured to trigger when said display is rotated from second to close. Brandenberg et al do not teach a switch to trigger. Haneda et al in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12, teach a switch which is triggered depending on the state of the lid body. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Brandenberg et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

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As to dependent claim 21, limitations of claim 20, and further comprising wherein the image inversion logic to invert images on said display response to said switch triggering. Brandenberg et al do not teach where the images are inverted in response to switch triggering. Haneda et al disclose in col. 6, line 44-col. 7, line 12 where the images are inverted depending upon the switching state. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the feature of Haneda et al could have easily been incorporated into that of Brandenberg et al both systems disclose an apparatus for data processing with rotatable display devices. The switch feature is advantageous as it enables the processor to distinguish the direction of the display of the rotatable display device.

As to dependent claim 32, see claims 7 and 8, above.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3, 608, 16-27, 30-32 have been 6. considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's submission of an information disclosure statement under 37 CFR 1.97(c) with 7. the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p) on January 20, 2004 prompted the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 609(B)(2)(i). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after date of this final action.

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Srilakshmi K. Kumar whose telephone number is 703 306 5575. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 am to 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven J. Saras can be reached on 703 305 9720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Srilakshmi K. Kumar

Examiner Art Unit 2675

SKK February 23, 2004

DENNIS-DOON CHOW

PRIMARY EXAMINER